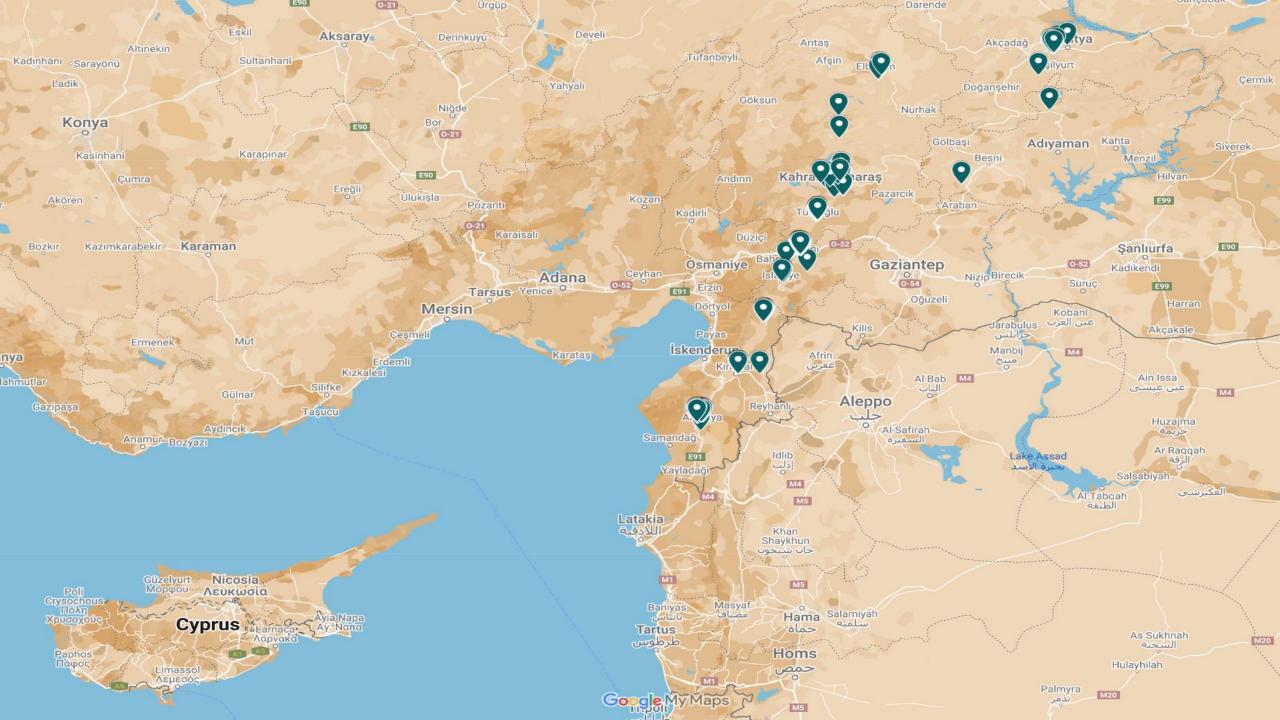
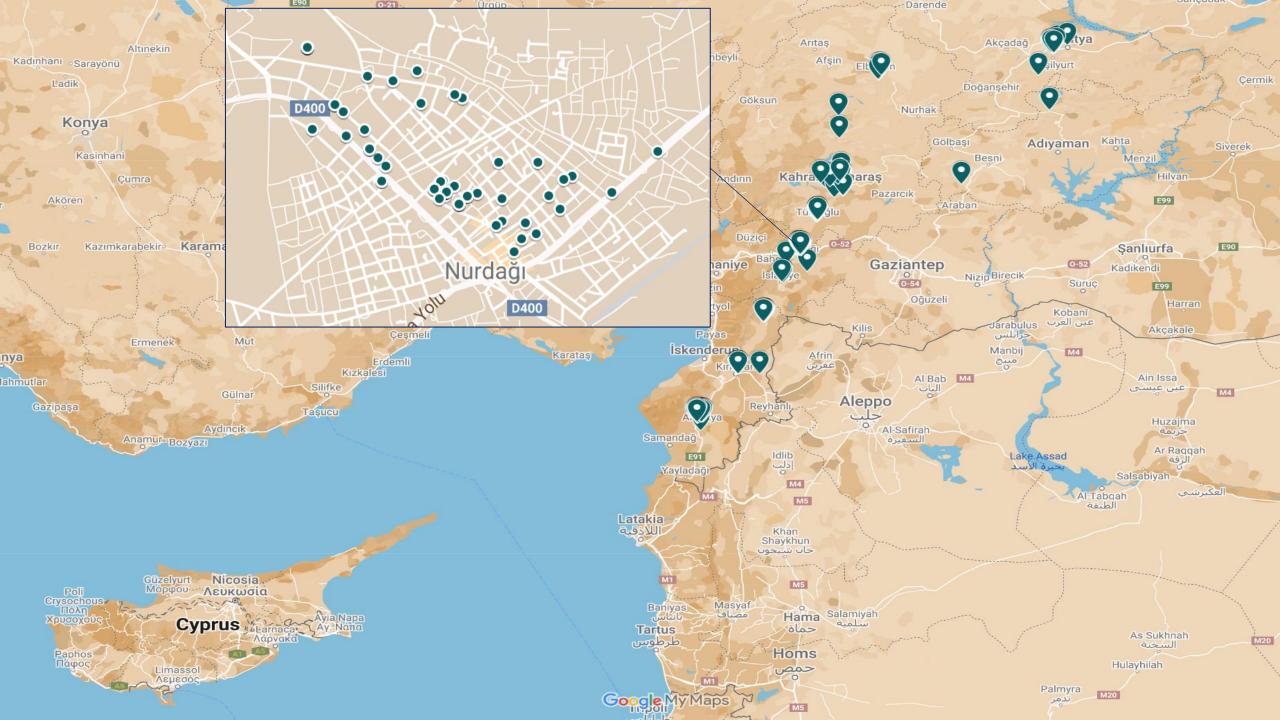
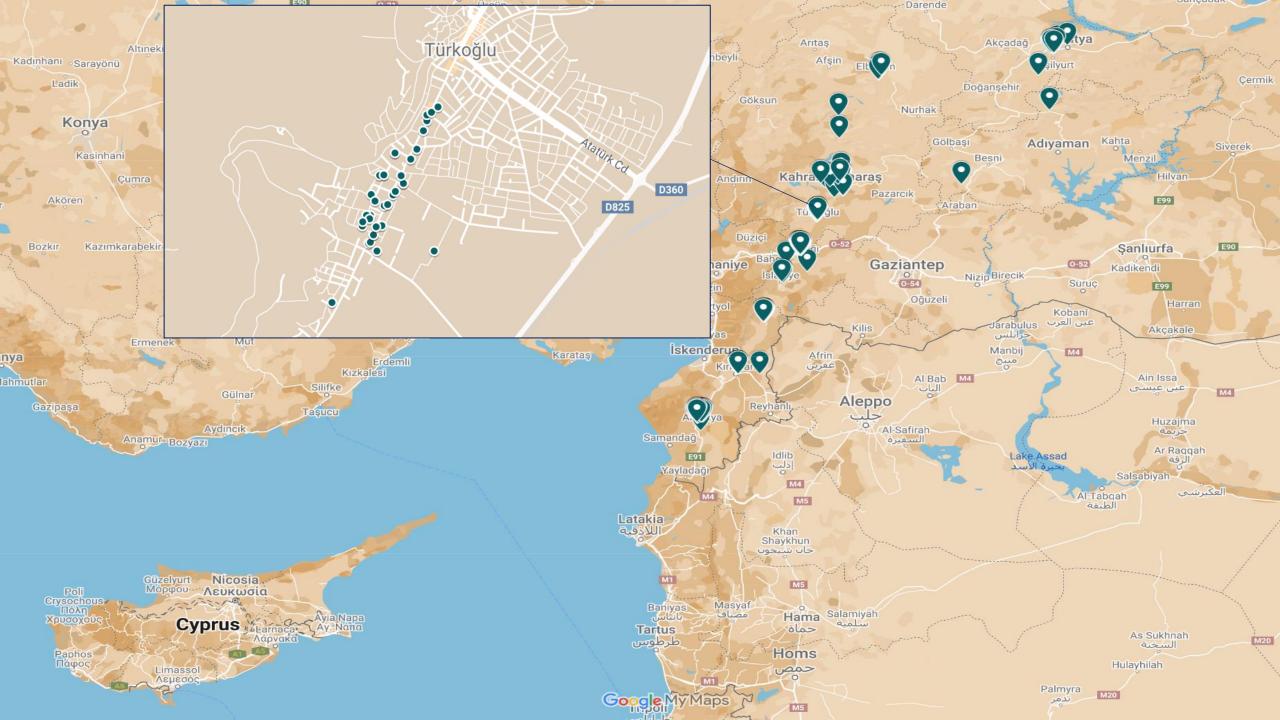
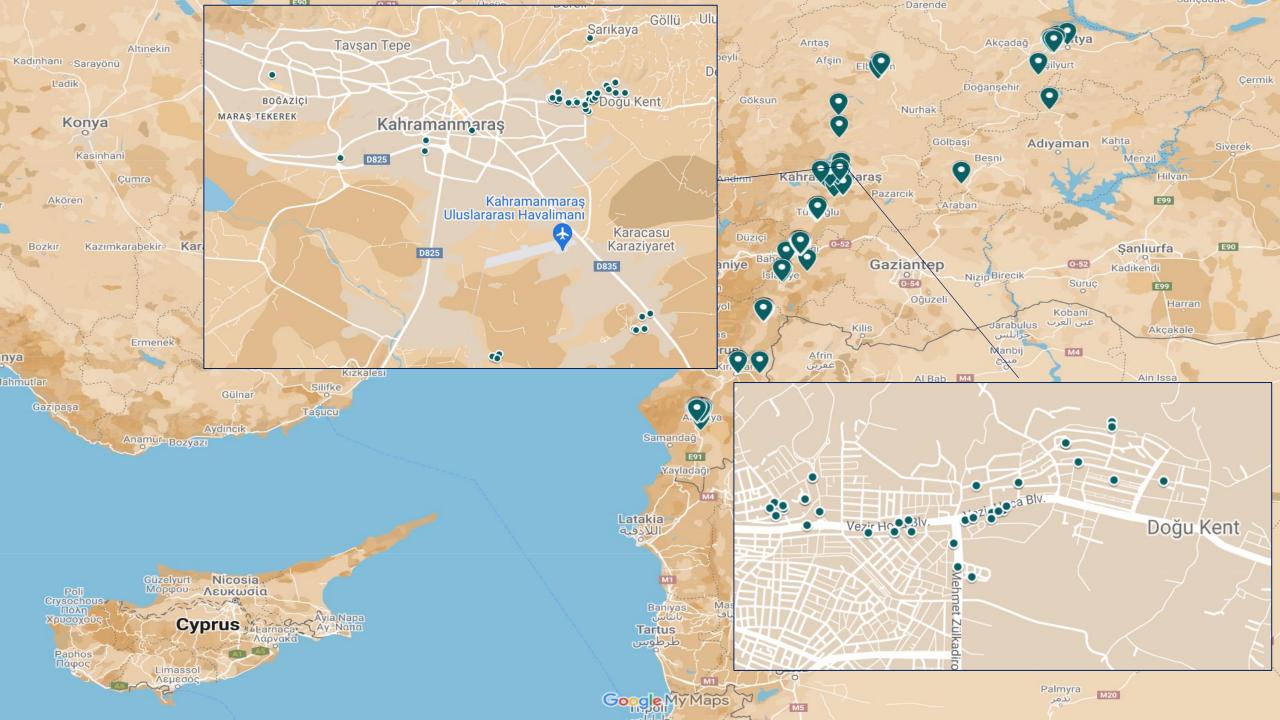


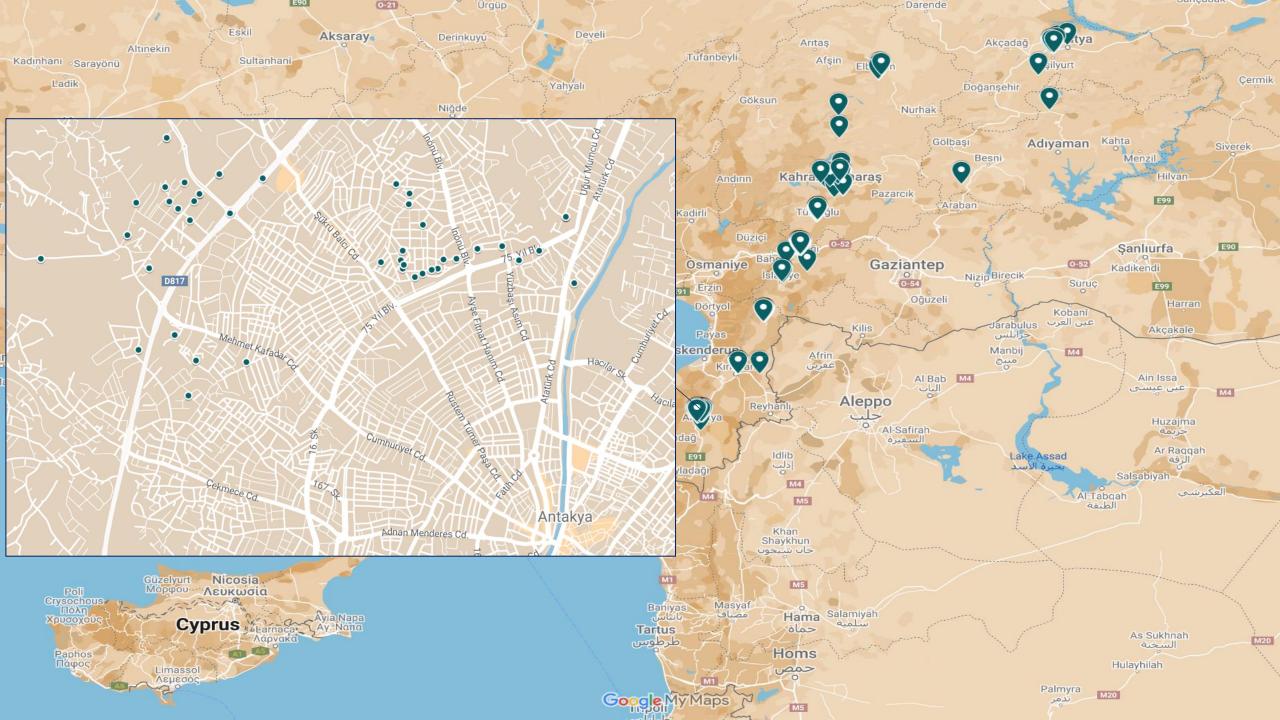
## **SURVEY AREA**

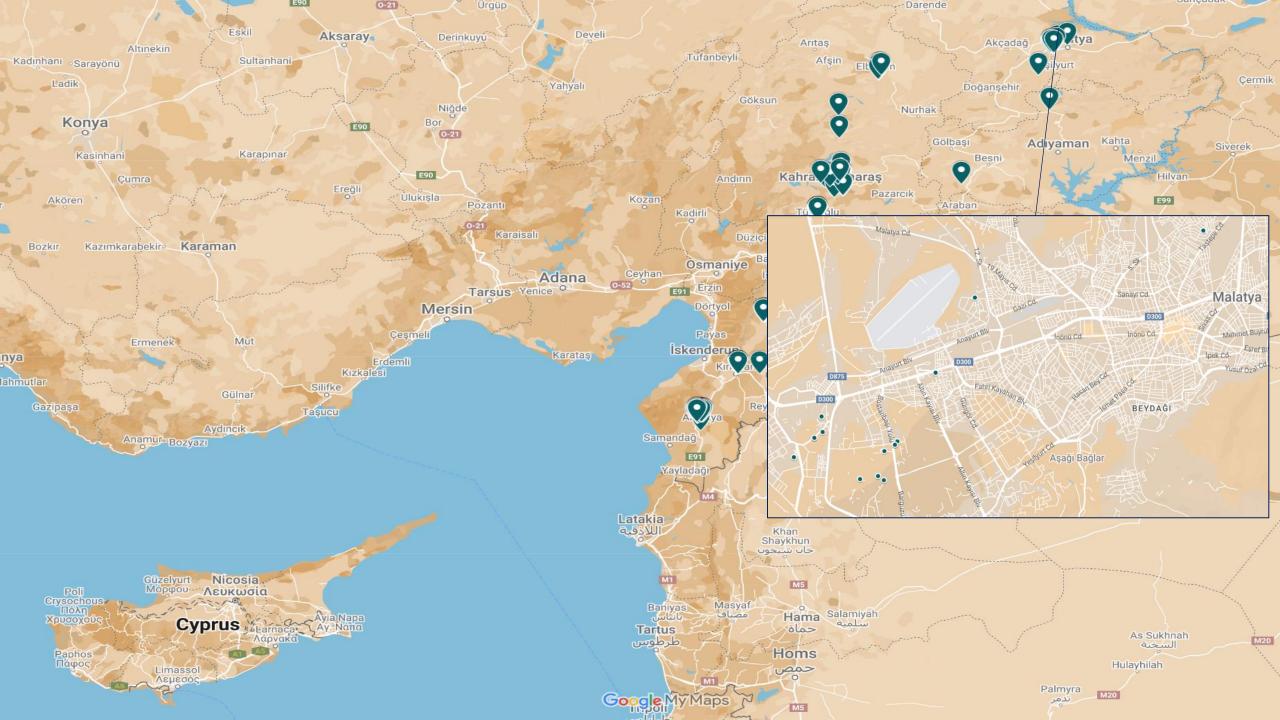


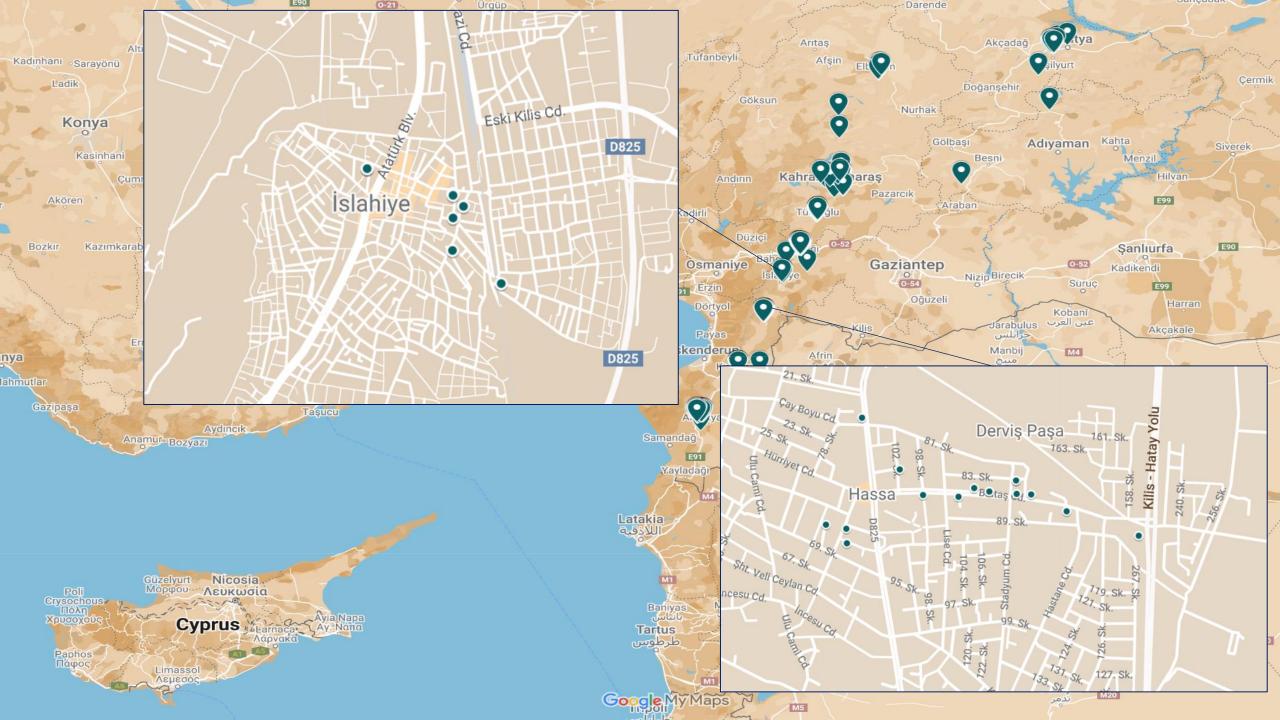


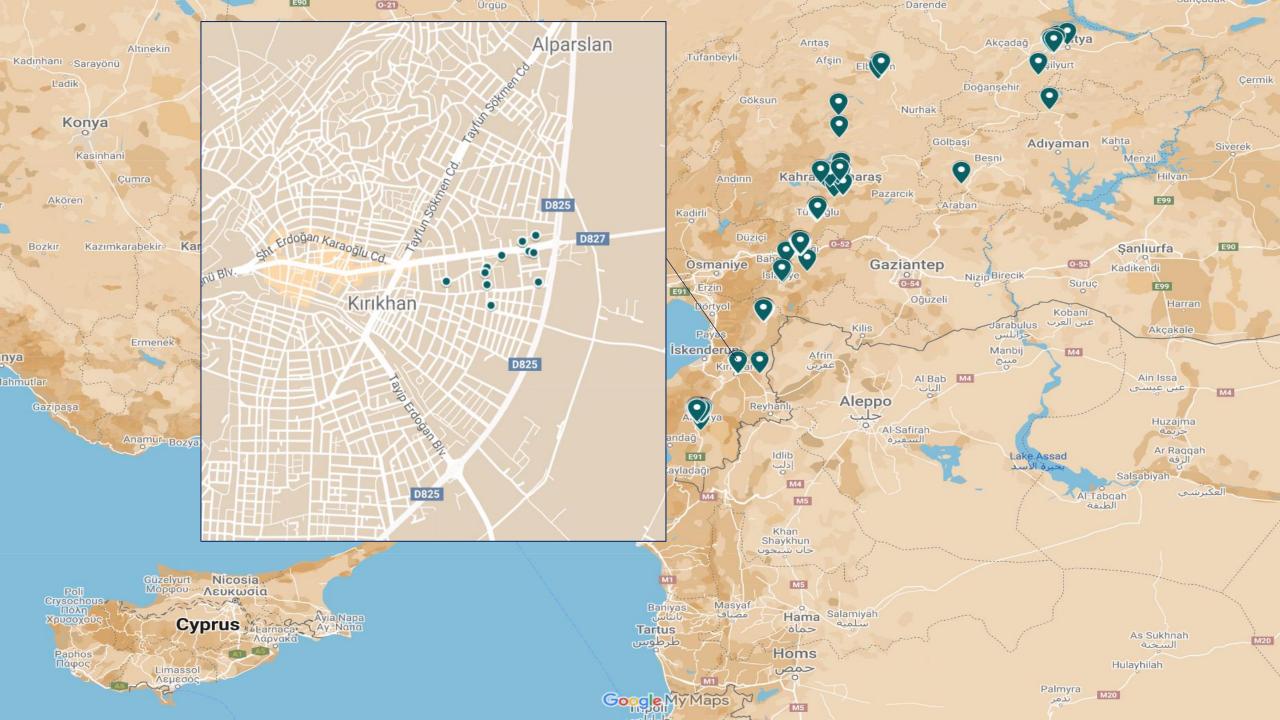


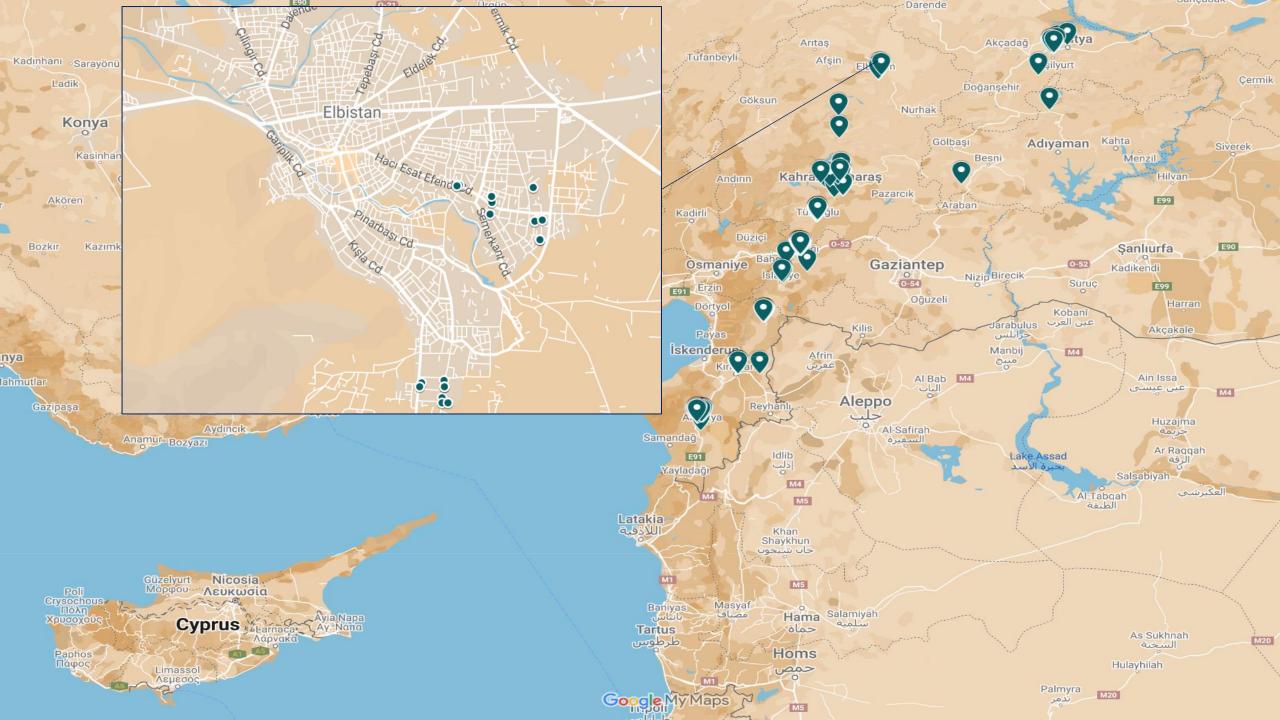


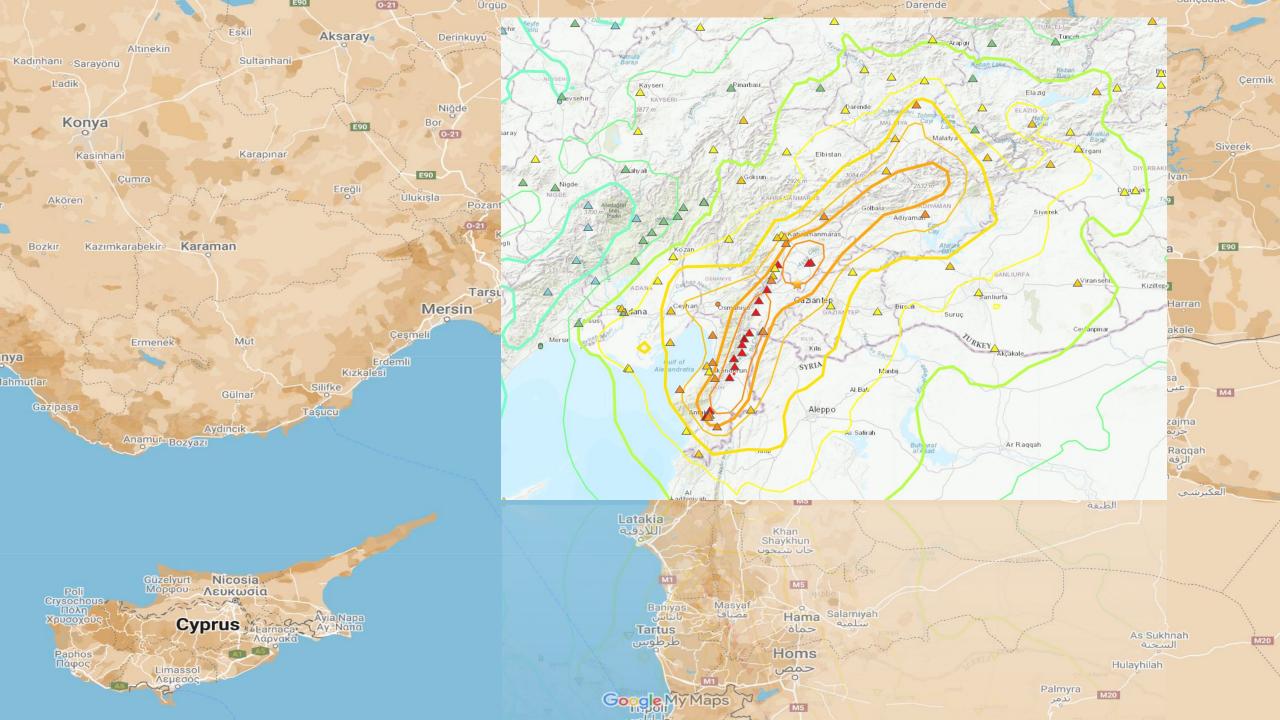


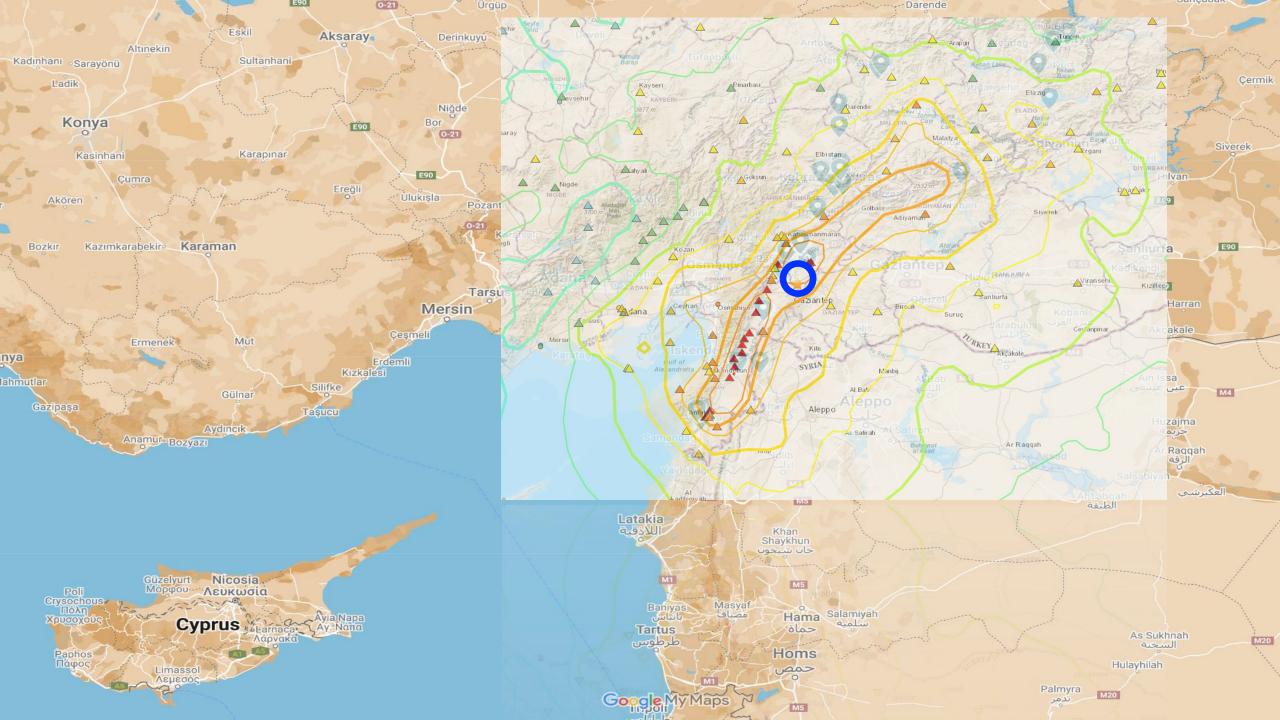


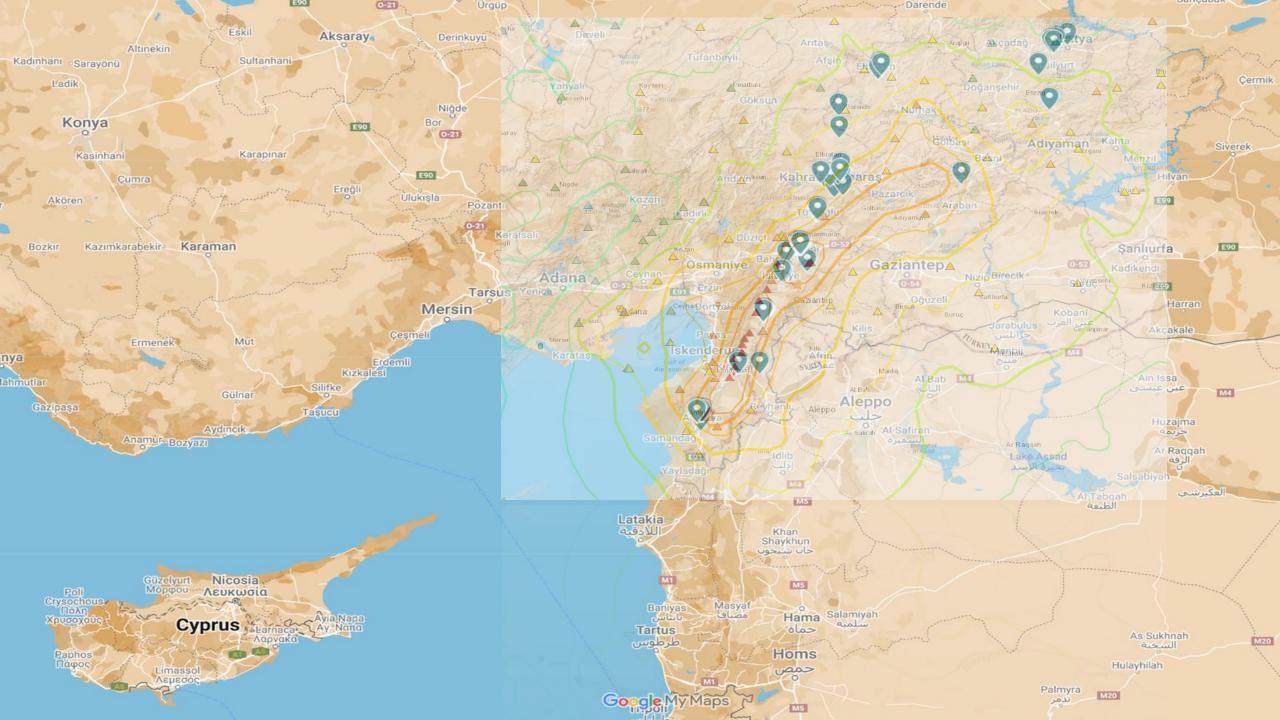


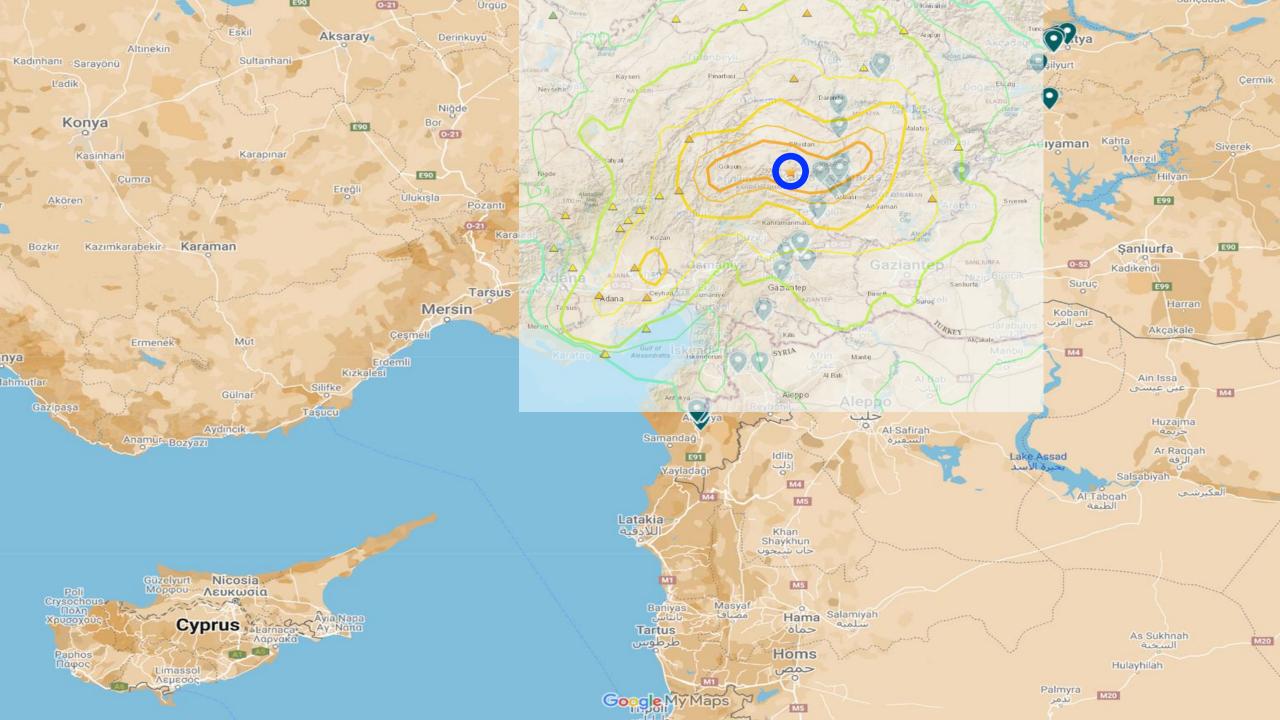














## ACI 133 DATA COLLECTION









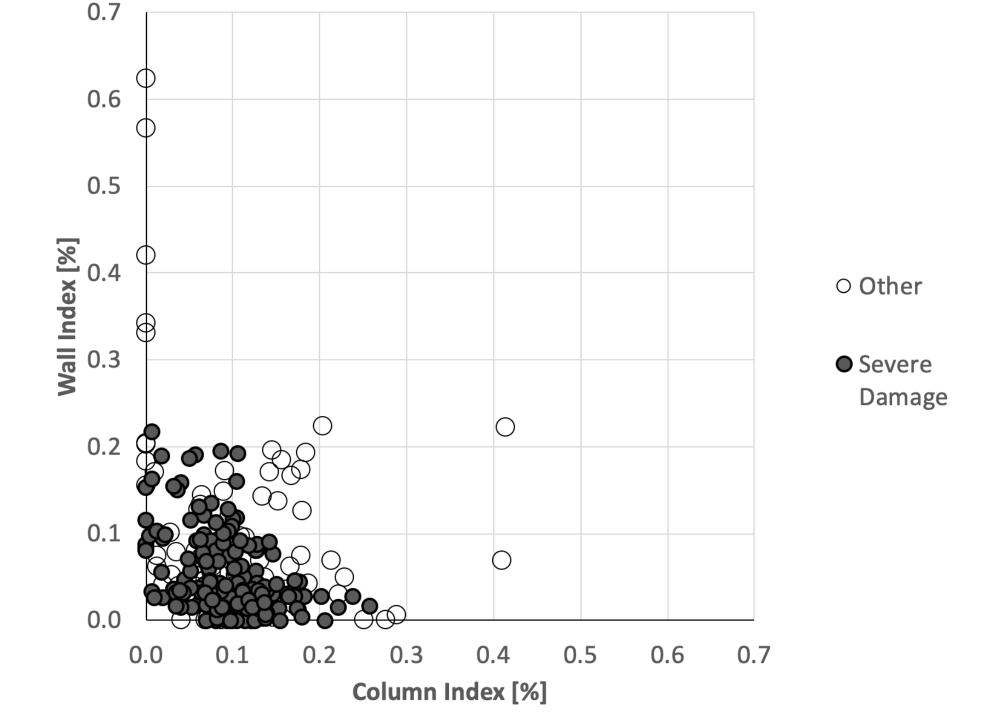




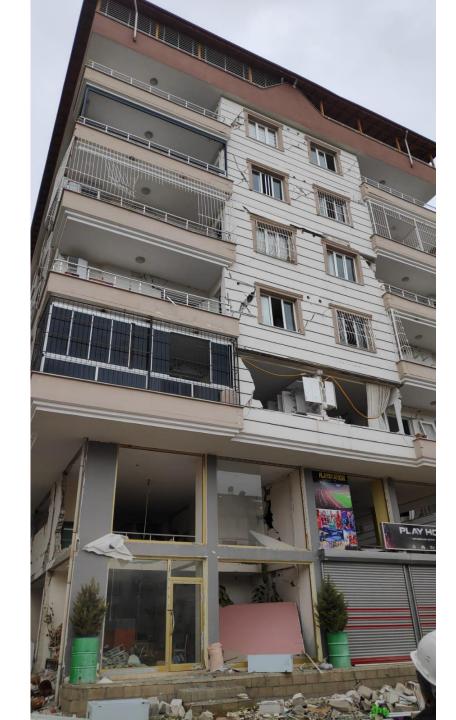
$$WI = \left(\sum A_w + \sum A_m / 10\right) / \sum A_f$$

$$CI = \left(\sum A_c/2\right) / \sum A_f$$

## WALL INDEX vs. COLUMN INDEX TURKEY 2023 EQ



## **OBSERVATIONS ON PROPORTIONS**





















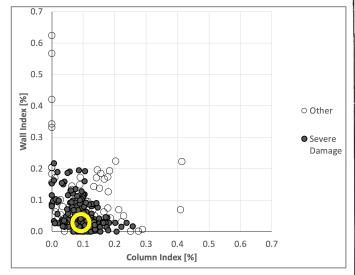


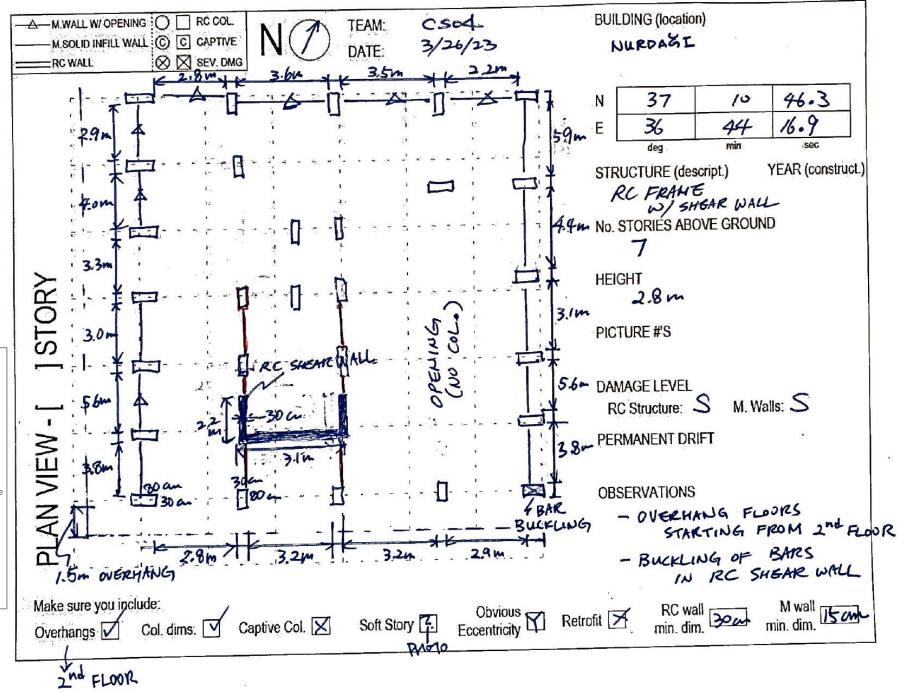
Location: Nurdagi

PGV: 1.1 m/s

WI: NS 0.06% EW 0.03%

CI: 0.1%



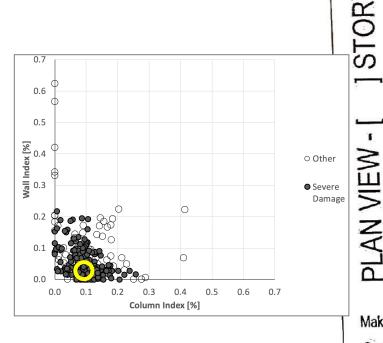


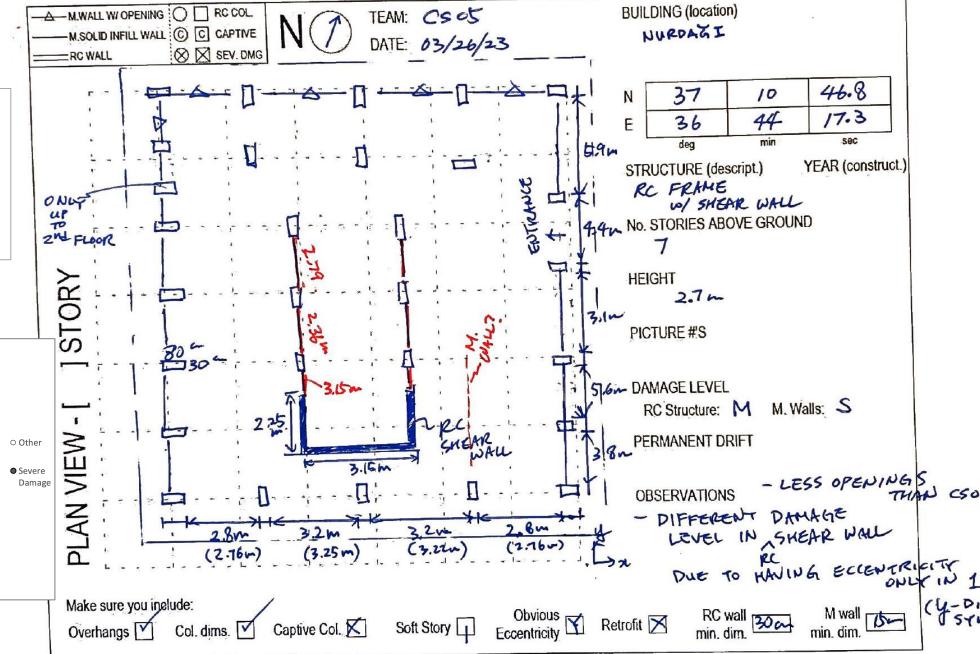
Location: Nurdagi

PGV: 1.1 m/s

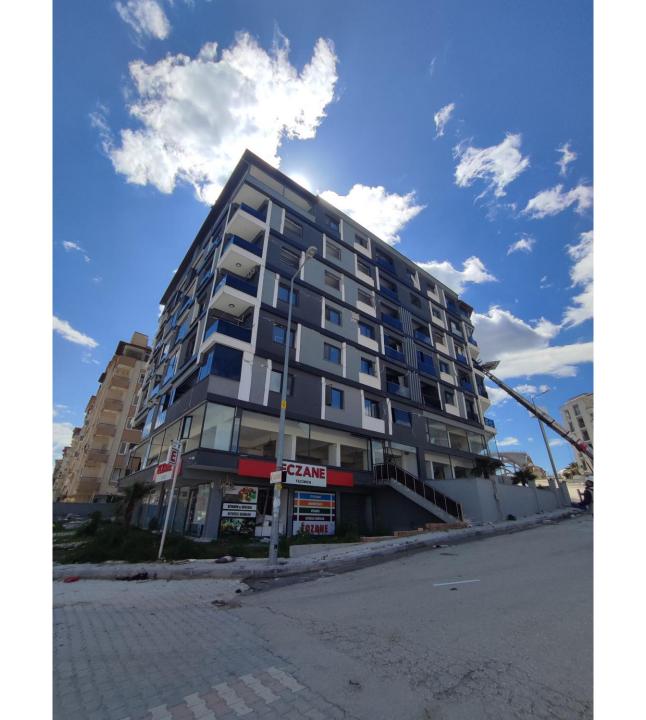
WI: NS 0.06% EW 0.03%

CI: 0.1%







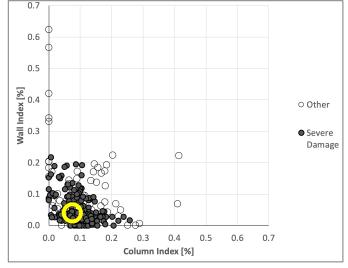


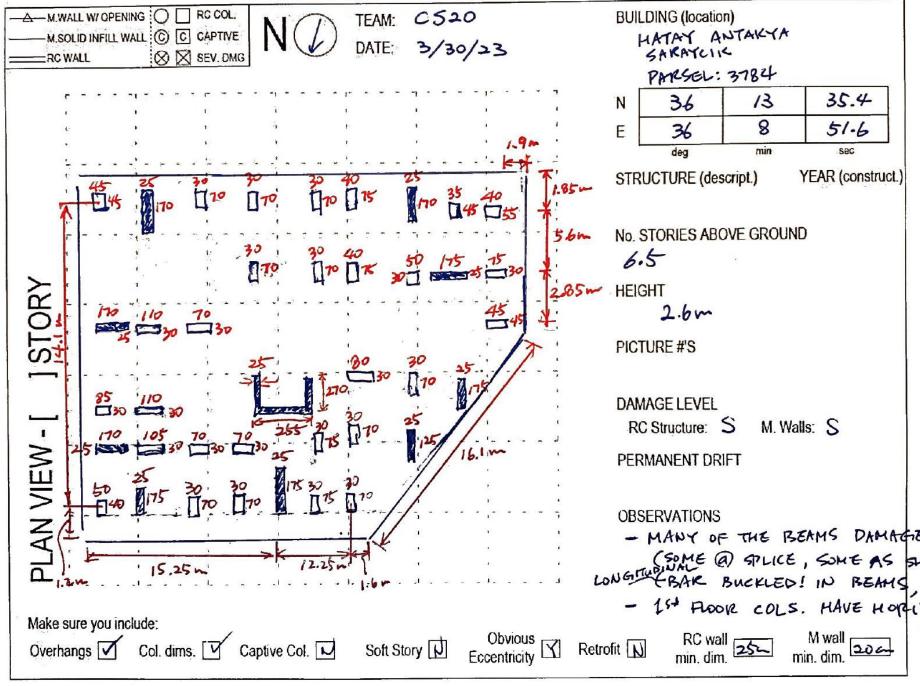
Location: Antakya

PGV: 1.9 m/s

WI: NS 0.09% EW 0.04%

CI: 0.07%













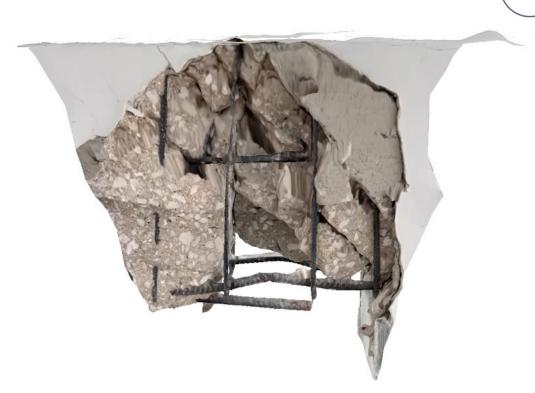












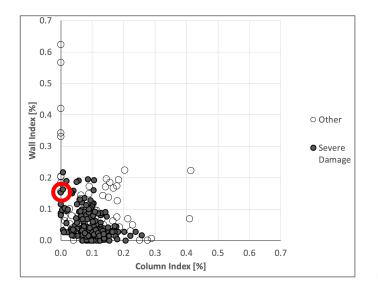




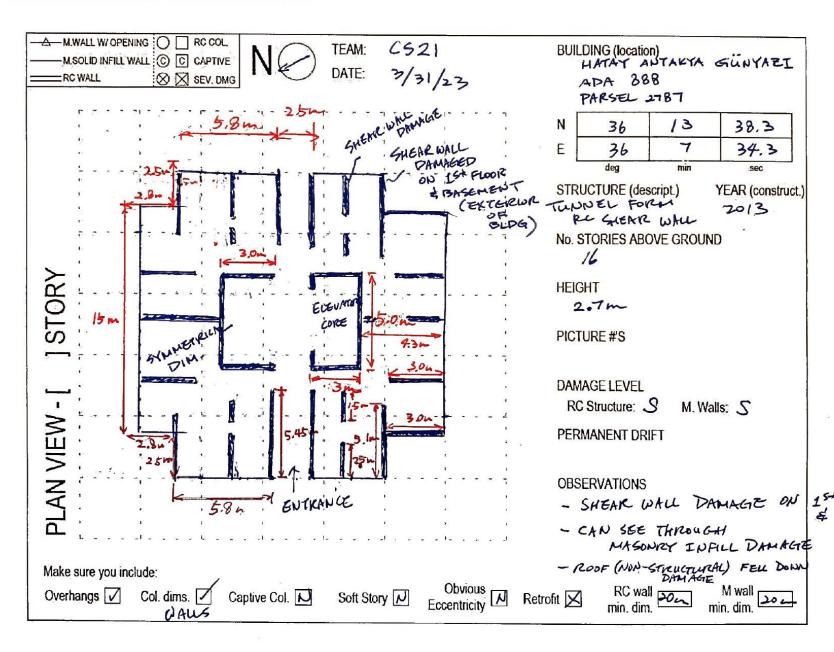
Location: Antakya

PGV: 1.9 m/s

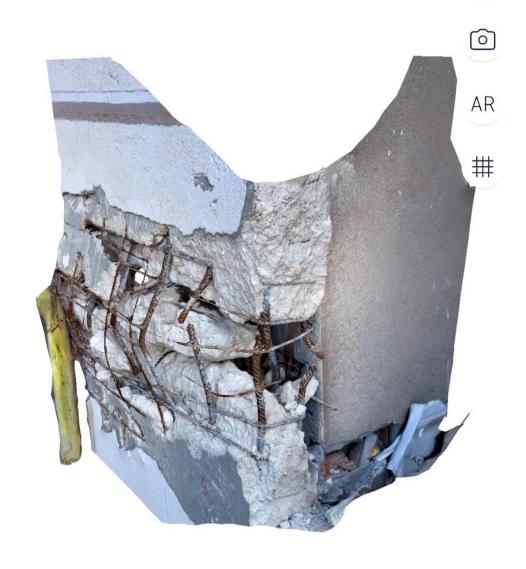
WI: NS 0.15% EW 0.23%



## **GUIDANCE DOCUMENT: ACI 133 Reconnaissance Activities**







Location: Antakya PGV: 1.3 m/s (avg.)

WI: 0.04%

Estimated Drift: 6%





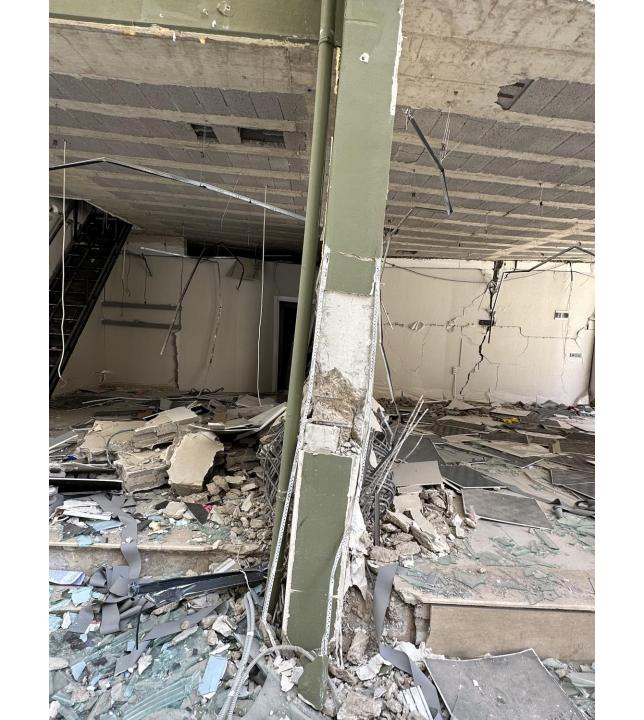
Location: Antakya PGV: 1.3 m/s (avg.)

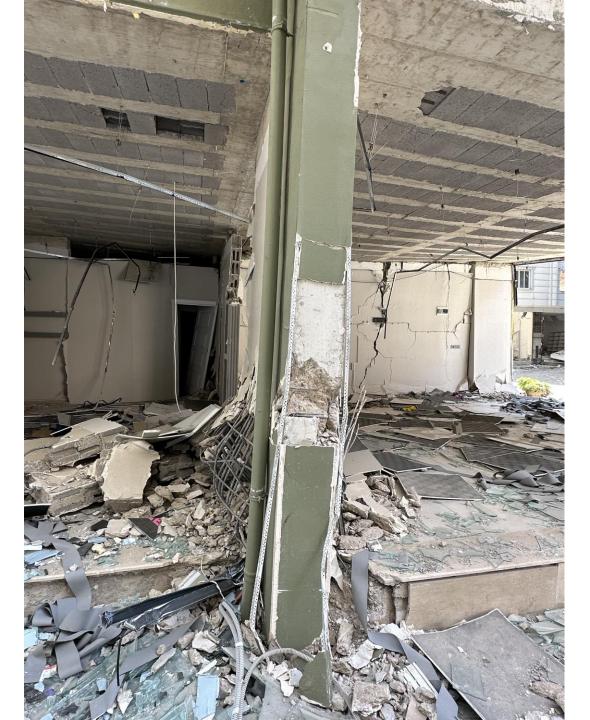
WI: 0.04%

Estimated Drift: 6%

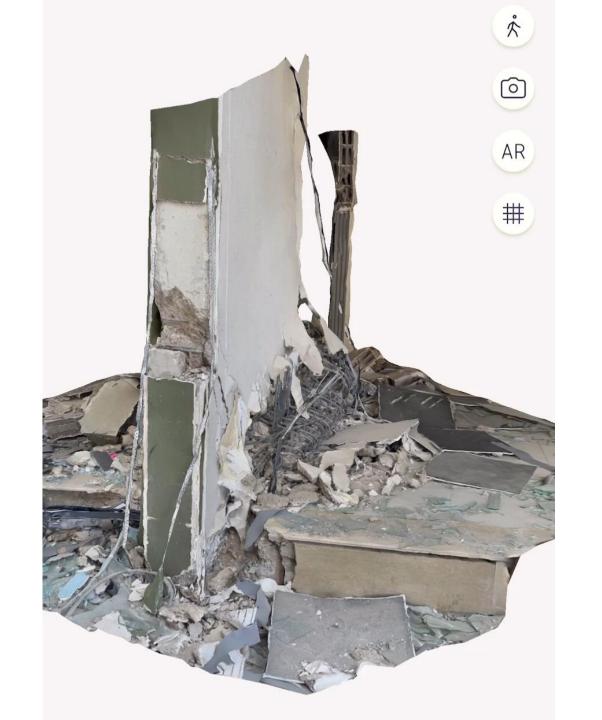








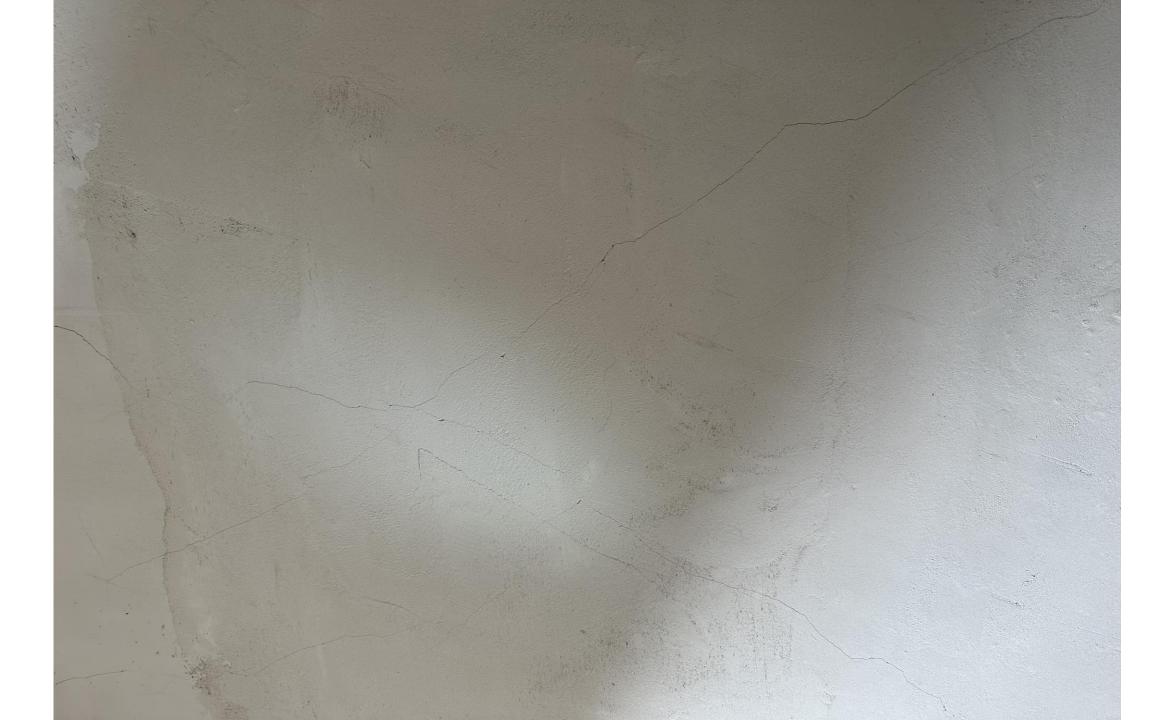












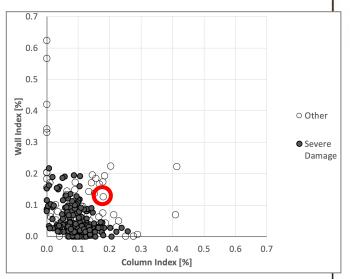


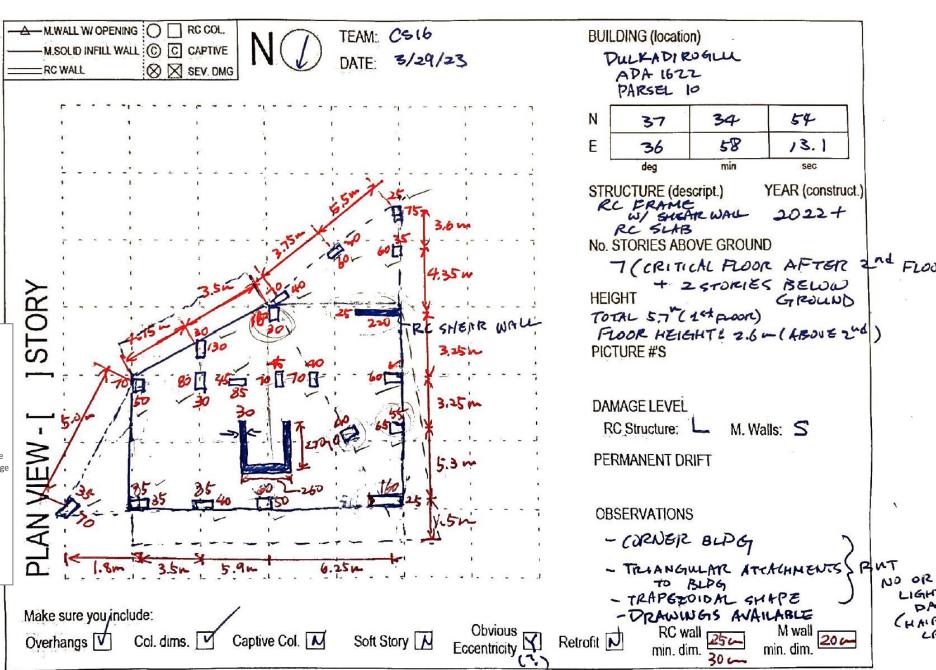
Location: Dulkadiroglu

PGV: 1 m/s

WI: NS 0.16% EW 0.12%

CI: 0.18%



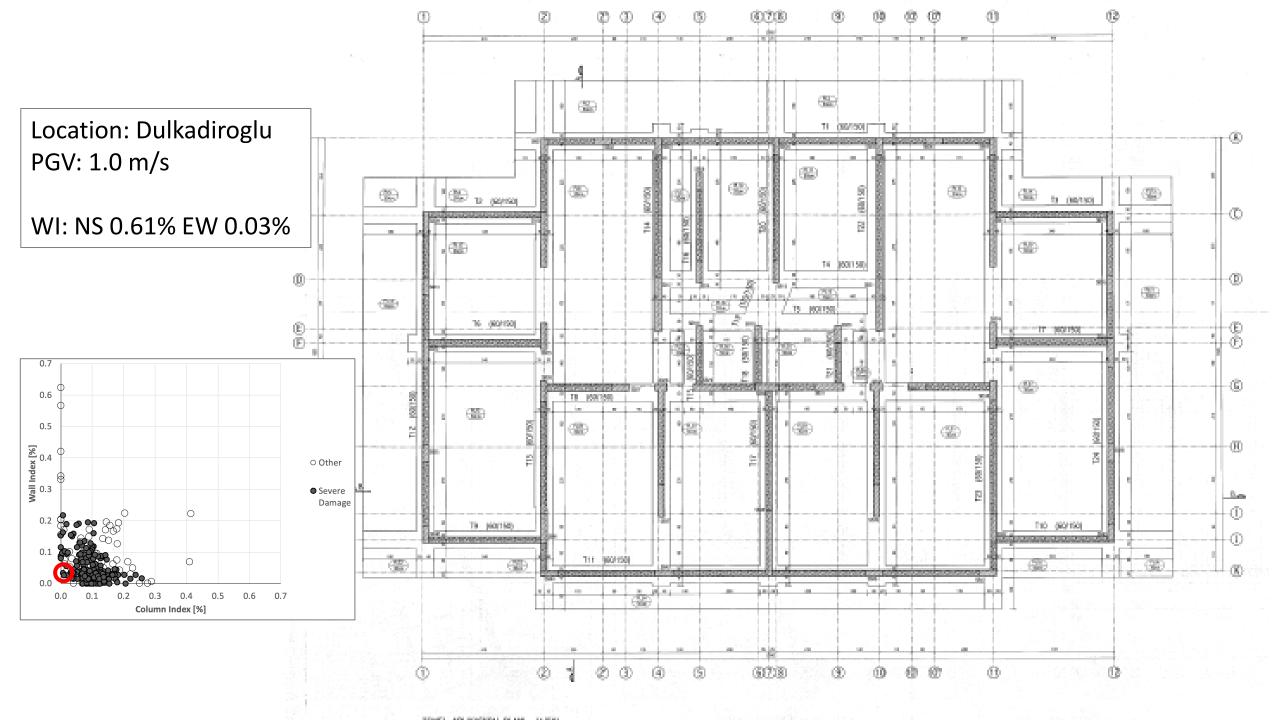












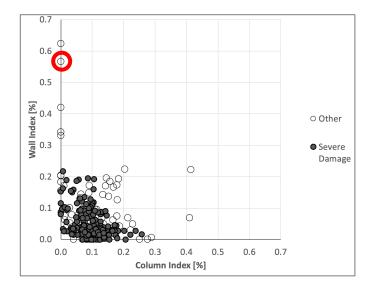


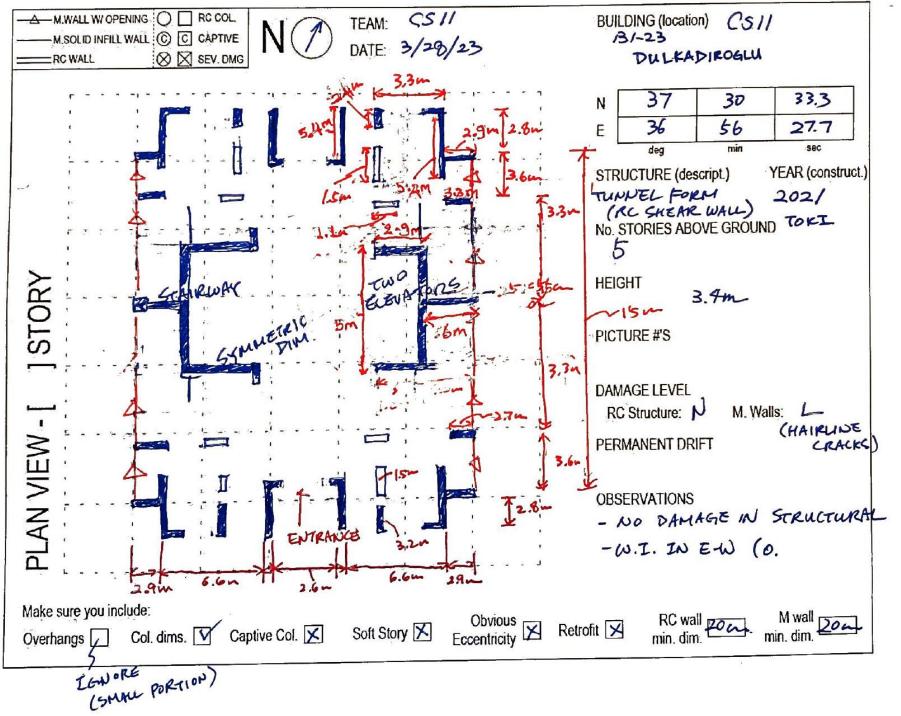


Location: Dulkadiroglu

PGV: 1 m/s

WI: NS 0.74% EW 0.57%





## SUMMARY

- ACI 133 Team surveyed 242 reinforced concrete buildings (2-16 stories) from 10 cities over 11 days in March and April 2023.
- Large drift demands in elements with inadequate detailing lead to structural failures.
- However, buildings with better details that experienced large drifts still had problems with non-structural elements (masonry infills, stairways, facades) or structural instability (overturning)
- Collected data shows clear correlation between structural performance and measured relative cross-sectional areas of columns and structural walls at base. Buildings with smaller and fewer walls and columns are more likely to have structural and/or non-structural damage.
- Controlling drift by increasing the stiffness (more walls; WI > 0.2%) of buildings, and placing the structural walls in both directions will highly improve the structural performance regardless of reinforcement details, or quality of construction.

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**



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