SI Int

International System of Units

# Report on Foundations for Static Equipment

Reported by ACI Committee 351







## **Report on Foundations for Static Equipment**

Copyright by the American Concrete Institute, Farmington Hills, MI. All rights reserved. This material may not be reproduced or copied, in whole or part, in any printed, mechanical, electronic, film, or other distribution and storage media, without the written consent of ACI.

The technical committees responsible for ACI committee reports and standards strive to avoid ambiguities, omissions, and errors in these documents. In spite of these efforts, the users of ACI documents occasionally find information or requirements that may be subject to more than one interpretation or may be incomplete or incorrect. Users who have suggestions for the improvement of ACI documents are requested to contact ACI via the errata website at http://concrete.org/Publications/ DocumentErrata.aspx. Proper use of this document includes periodically checking for errata for the most up-to-date revisions.

ACI committee documents are intended for the use of individuals who are competent to evaluate the significance and limitations of its content and recommendations and who will accept responsibility for the application of the material it contains. Individuals who use this publication in any way assume all risk and accept total responsibility for the application and use of this information.

All information in this publication is provided "as is" without warranty of any kind, either express or implied, including but not limited to, the implied warranties of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose or non-infringement.

ACI and its members disclaim liability for damages of any kind, including any special, indirect, incidental, or consequential damages, including without limitation, lost revenues or lost profits, which may result from the use of this publication.

It is the responsibility of the user of this document to establish health and safety practices appropriate to the specific circumstances involved with its use. ACI does not make any representations with regard to health and safety issues and the use of this document. The user must determine the applicability of all regulatory limitations before applying the document and must comply with all applicable laws and regulations, including but not limited to, United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) health and safety standards.

Participation by governmental representatives in the work of the American Concrete Institute and in the development of Institute standards does not constitute governmental endorsement of ACI or the standards that it develops.

Order information: ACI documents are available in print, by download, through electronic subscription, or reprint and may be obtained by contacting ACI.

Most ACI standards and committee reports are gathered together in the annually revised the ACI Collection of Concrete Codes, Specifications, and Practices.

American Concrete Institute 38800 Country Club Drive Farmington Hills, MI 48331 Phone: +1.248.848.3700 Fax: +1.248.848.3701

www.concrete.org

## Report on Foundations for Static Equipment

### Reported by ACI Committee 351

David Kerins Chair

Mukti L. Das Secretary

Omesh B. Abhat Richard P. Bohan William L. Bounds\* William D. Brant\* Michael M. Chehab\* Shu-Jin Fang\*

Fred R. Goodwin Shraddhakar Harsh Erick N. Larson\* Robert R. McGlohn\* Jack Moll

Richard O'Malley Ira W. Pearce\* Charlie L. Rowan William E. Rushing Jr.\* Yasser Salem

Philip A. Smith W. Tod Sutton Patricia B. Warren\* F. Alan Wiley\* Sheng-Chi Wu

ACI 351.2R-1

(Reapproved 2020)

\*Members of Subcommittee 351.2 who prepared this report.

<sup>†</sup>Chair of Subcommittee 351.2.

Committee 351 would like to acknowledge the contribution of Widianto, ACI 351 Associate Member.

This document addresses static equipment foundation engineering and construction. It presents various design criteria, methods and procedures of analysis, design, and construction applied to static equipment foundations by industry practitioners. This document should, hopefully, encourage discussion and comparison of ideas.

Keywords: anchorage (structural); bolts, anchor; equipment; forms; formwork (construction); foundation loading; foundations; grout; grouting; pedestals; pile loads; reinforcement; soil pressure; subsurface preparation; tolerances (mechanics).

ACI Committee Reports, Guides, Manuals, and Commentaries are intended for guidance in planning, designing, executing, and inspecting construction. This document is intended for the use of individuals who are competent to evaluate the significance and limitations of its content and recommendations and who will accept responsibility for the application of the material it contains. The American Concrete Institute disclaims any and all responsibility for the stated principles. The Institute shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising therefrom.

Reference to this document shall not be made in contract documents. If items found in this document are desired by the Architect/Engineer to be a part of the contract documents, they shall be restated in mandatory language for incorporation by the Architect/Engineer.

#### CONTENTS Chapter 1—Introduction and scope, p. 2

- 1.1—Background
- 1.2-Purpose
- 1.3—Scope

#### Chapter 2—Notation and definitions, p. 2

- 2.1—Notation
- 2.2—Definitions

#### Chapter 3—Foundation types, p. 3

- 3.1—General considerations
- 3.2—Typical foundations

#### Chapter 4—Design criteria, p. 5

- 4.1—Foundation loading
- 4.2—Design strength/stresses
- 4.3—Stiffness/deflections
- 4.4-Stability

ACI 351.2R-10 supersedes ACI 351.2R-94 and was adopted and published April 2010. Copyright © 2020, American Concrete Institute. All rights reserved including rights of reproduction and use in any form or by any means, including the making of copies by any photo process, or by electronic or mechanical device, printed, written, or oral, or recording for sound or visual reproduc-tion or for use in any knowledge or retrieval system or device, unless permission in written is obtained form the overlicht generators. writing is obtained from the copyright proprietors.

#### Chapter 5—Design methods, p. 15

- 5.1—Available methods
- 5.2—Anchor bolts and shear devices
- 5.3—Bearing stress
- 5.4—Pedestals
- 5.5—Soil pressure
- 5.6—Pile loads
- 5.7—Foundation design procedures

#### Chapter 6—Construction considerations, p. 21

- 6.1—Subsurface preparation and improvement
- 6.2—Foundation placement tolerances
- 6.3—Forms and shores
- 6.4—Sequence of construction and construction joints
- 6.5—Equipment installation and setting
- 6.6—Grouting
- 6.7—Concrete materials
- 6.8—Quality control

#### Chapter 7—References, p. 25

- 7.1—Referenced standards and reports
- 7.2—Cited references

# CHAPTER 1—INTRODUCTION AND SCOPE 1.1—Background

Foundations for static equipment are used in industrial processing and manufacturing facilities throughout the world. Engineers with varying backgrounds are engaged in the analysis, design, and construction of these foundations. They often perform their work with little guidance from building codes, national standards, owner's specifications, or other published information. Because of this lack of consensus standards, most engineers rely on engineering judgment and experience. Some engineering firms and individuals, however, have developed their own standards and specifications as a result of research and development activities, field studies, or many years of engineering or construction experience. Only by sharing and discussing this information can a meaningful consensus on engineering and construction requirements for static equipment foundations be developed.

As used in this document, "state of the art" refers to state of the practice, and encompasses various engineering and construction methodologies.

#### 1.2—Purpose

This document presents various design criteria and methods and procedures of analysis, design, and construction currently being applied to static equipment foundations by industry practitioners. The purpose of this report is to present these various methods and elicit critical discussion from the industry. This report is not intended to be a recommended practice; rather, it is a document that encourages discussion and comparison of ideas.

#### 1.3—Scope

This report is limited in scope to the engineering and construction of static equipment foundations. Static equipment, as used herein, refers to industrial equipment that does not contain significant moving parts, or that has operational characteristics essentially static in nature. Outlined and discussed herein are the various aspects of the analysis, design, and construction of foundations for equipment, such as vertical vessels, stacks, horizontal vessels, heat exchangers, spherical vessels, machine tools, and electrical equipment such as transformers.

This report does not include foundations for:

- Equipment, such as turbine generators, pumps, blowers, compressors, and presses, which have operational characteristics that are essentially dynamic in nature. ACI 351.3R covers concrete foundations for dynamic equipment;
- Vessels and tanks whose contents structurally bear directly on soil (for example, clarifiers and large-diameter storage tanks);
- Buildings, concrete silos, chimneys, and structures that contain static equipment; or
- Equipment sensitive to external vibration. These foundations are generally isolated from the neighboring dynamic equipment foundations to minimize transmission of vibration from other equipment. These foundations rarely require their own separate foundations and are usually located and supported in buildings. ACI 351.3R provides some guidance, although its scope is for equipment that generates dynamic forces.

The geotechnical engineering aspects of the analysis and design of static equipment foundations discussed herein are limited to general considerations. This report is essentially concerned with the structural analysis, design, and construction of static equipment foundations.

#### **CHAPTER 2—NOTATION AND DEFINITIONS**

#### 2.1—Notation

е

 $f_c'$ 

 $f_v$ 

 $h_{ef}$ 

 $k_c$ 

- A = base area of footing, ft<sup>2</sup> (m<sup>2</sup>)
- $A_{se}$  = effective cross-sectional area of anchor, in.<sup>2</sup> (mm<sup>2</sup>)
- B =width of footing, ft (m)
- D = edge-to-edge distance of footing in direction of overturning moment, ft (m)
- $d_{bc}$  = diameter of bolt circle, ft (mm)
- $d_o$  = nominal bolt diameter, in. (mm)
  - = M/P, ft (m) (Section 4.4)
- $e_v = M/W$ , ft (m) (Section 5.5.1)
- F = maximum bolt force for anchors in circular pattern, kip (kN)
  - specified compressive strength of concrete, psi (MPa)
  - = specified yield strength of reinforcement, psi (MPa)
  - = effective embedment depth of anchor, in. (mm)
  - = coefficient for basic concrete breakout strength in tension
- L =length of footing, ft (m)
- M = overturning moment applied to footing or pier, ft·kip (kN·m) (Section 4.4)
- $M_p$  = resisting moment provided by passive lateral soil pressure, ft·kip (kN·m)
- $M_v$  = moment about the centroidal axes of the foundation, ft-lb (N-m) (Section 5.5.1)